## Dancing Clusters:

## Quantitatively Tracing Spatial Evolution

## and the Morphological Features of YMGs

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\& the SFM Collaboration

## Talk Outline

- Stellar Association
- INDICATE
- NGC 3372
- Westerlund 1



## Stellar "Association"

- Point processes
- intensity
- correlation
- spatial distribution


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## Q. How "clustered" are stars?

## Stellar "Association"



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- Any parameter space
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- Assigns a clustering index to each star
- Comparison of number of nearest neighbours with an evenly spaced control field
- Meaningful index values $\rightarrow$ calibrated against random distributions


## INDICATE


$1=20 / 5=4$

$I=3 / 5=0.6$

## INDICATE

## Example



## INDICATE

## Example



## INDICATE

Example


## Lets apply to some star forming regions

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Westerland 1
Age - 5 Myr
A. 10-12 mag

D $\sim 4 \mathrm{kpi}$ -2 pc across $\therefore \mathrm{M} \sim 10^{5} \mathrm{M}$



NIR $\quad M_{*}>5 \mathrm{M}_{\odot}$
Buckner et al. (2018, in prep)



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NIR $\quad M_{*}>20 M_{\odot}$
Buckner et al. (2018, in prep)


NIR $\quad M_{*}>30 M_{\odot}$
Buckner et al. (2018, in prep)




- $5 M_{\odot}<M_{*}<10 M_{\odot}$
$\square M_{*}>10 M_{\odot}$




## Summary

- INDICATE $\rightarrow$ powerful local measure of degree of "clustering" of stars
- 2+D, any parameter space
- Trace morphological features in SF regions
- Buckner et al. (2018, A\&A, in review)
- Double core found in Westerlund 1
- Observational bias or real?
- Kinematic data required $\rightarrow$ not available from Gaia DR2

